Consolidated Financial Statements

Lakehead District School Board

August 31, 2017

### **Management Report**

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The accompanying financial statements of the Lakehead District School Board have been prepared in compliance with legislation, and in accordance with the Financial Administration Act. A summary of the significant accounting policies are described in note 1 to the financial statements. The preparation of financial statements necessarily involves the use of estimates based on management's judgement, particularly when transactions affecting the current accounting period cannot be finalized with certainty until future periods.

Board management maintains a system of internal control designed to provide reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded, transactions are properly authorized and recorded in compliance with legislative and regulatory requirements, and reliable financial information is available on a timely basis for preparation of the financial statements. These systems are monitored and evaluated by management.

The Board's Audit Committee meets with management and the external auditors to review the financial statements and discuss any significant financial reporting or internal control matters prior to the approval of the financial statements by the Board.

The 2017 financial statements for the Lakehead District School Board have been audited by BDO Canada LLP, independent external auditors appointed by the Board. The accompanying Independent Auditor's Report outlines their responsibilities, the scope of their examination and their opinion on the presentation of the information included in the Board's financial statements.

Director of Education

Dan MacRu

Superintendent of Business

## Contents

	Page
Statement 1 – Consolidated Statement of Financial Position	3
Statement 2 - Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Deficit	4
Statement 3 - Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows	5
Statement 4 - Consolidated Statement of Change in Net Debt	6
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements	7 - 23



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### **Independent Auditor's Report**

### To the Board of Trustees of Lakehead District School Board

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Lakehead District School Board, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at August 31, 2017, the consolidated statements of operations and accumulated deficit, cash flows and change in net debt for the year then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

### Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with the basis of accounting described in Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained in our audit is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified audit opinion.



### Independent Auditor's Report (cont'd)

### Basis for Qualified Opinion

In common with many school boards, Lakehead District School Board derives revenue from school fundraising activities, the completeness of which is not susceptible to satisfactory audit verification. Accordingly, our verification of these revenues was limited to the amounts recorded in the records of the Lakehead District School Board. Therefore, we were not able to determine whether any adjustments might be necessary to school generated funds revenue, annual surplus and cash flows from operations for the years ended August 31, 2017 and 2016, financial assets as at August 31, 2017 and 2016 and accumulated deficit as at September 1 and August 31 for both the 2017 and 2016 years. Our audit opinion on the financial statements for the year ended August 31, 2016 was modified accordingly because of the possible effects of this limitation in scope.

### **Qualified Opinion**

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph, the consolidated financial statements of Lakehead District School Board as at and for the year ended August 31, 2017 are prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the basis of accounting described in Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements.

### **Emphasis of Matter**

Without modifying our opinion, we draw attention to Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements which describes the basis of accounting used in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements and the significant differences between such basis of accounting and Canadian public sector accounting standards.

BDO Canada LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

Thunder Bay, Ontario November 28, 2017

# Lakehead District School Board Statement 1 Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

As at August 31	2017	2016
	\$	\$
	[Thousand	s of Dollars
FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	5,843	6,025
Investments [note 2]	10,777	10,635
Accounts receivable	8,866	8,166
Accounts receivable - Government of Ontario		
approved capital [note 3]	41,797	39,182
TOTAL FINANCIAL ASSETS	67,283	64,008
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	11,273	7,700
Other liabilities	214	206
Long-term debt [note 7]	35,595	36,836
Deferred revenue [note 4]	10,752	9,706
Retirement and other employee future benefits liabilities [note 6]	14,736	16,259
Deferred capital contributions [note 5]	112,199	109,219
TOTAL FINANCIAL LIABILITIES	184,769	179,926
NET DEBT	(117,486)	(115,918)
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Prepaid expenses	50	87
Tangible capital assets – net [note 11]	115,790	113,060
TOTAL NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS	115,840	113,147
ACCUMULATED DEFICIT [note 12]	(1,646)	(2,771)
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidate	d financial state	ements.
On behalf of the Board:		
On behalf of the board.		
Director of Education Chair of the Bo	ard	

# Lakehead District School Board Statement 2 Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Deficit

Year ended August 31	2017	2017	2016
	Budget	Actual	Actual
	(Unaudited)		
	Note 1		
	\$	\$	\$
	[Tho	usands of Dol	lars]
REVENUES			
Provincial legislative grants	108,475	111,541	112,424
Provincial grants – other	724	2,408	2,976
School generated funds	1,965	2,023	1,872
Federal grants and fees	2,269	2,361	2,332
Investment income	288	231	264
Other revenues - school boards	125	118	95
Other fees and revenues	1,638	2,036	2,315
Amortization of deferred capital contributions	7,830	7,413	7,214
TOTAL REVENUES	123,314	128,131	129,492
EXPENSES			
Instruction	87,524	90,441	93,206
Administration	5,152	4,977	5,157
Transportation	6,016	6,125	5,817
Pupil accommodation	23,569	23,447	23,284
School generated funds	1,965	1,917	1,836
Other	99	99	99
TOTAL EXPENSES [NOTE 10]	124,325	127,006	129,399
Annual surplus (deficit)	(1,011)	1,125	93
Accumulated deficit, beginning of year	(2,771)	(2,771)	(2,864)
Accumulated deficit, end of year	(3,782)	(1,646)	(2,771)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Lakehead District School Board Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows	Statement 3	
Year ended August 31	2017	2016
	\$	\$
	[Thousands	of Dollars]
OPERATIONS		
Annual surplus	1,125	93
Non-cash charges	7.600	7.045
Amortization of tangible capital assets	7,683	7,345
Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets	(7,413)	(7,214)
Amortization of deferred capital contributions  Decrease in retirement and other employee	(7,413)	(7,214)
future benefits liabilities	(1,523)	(663)
Net change in non-cash working capital balances	(700)	(996)
Increase in accounts receivable Increase in accounts receivable – Government of Ontario	(700)	(990)
approved capital	(2,615)	(831)
Increase in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	3,573	294
Increase (decrease) in other liabilities	8	(35)
Increase in deferred revenue	1,046	1,733 <sup>°</sup>
Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses	37	(60)
Cash provided by (applied to) operating transactions	1,221	(334)
INVESTING TRANSACTIONS		
Increase in investments	(142)	(146)
Cash applied to investing transactions	(142)	(146)
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CAPITAL TRANSACTIONS		
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(10,413)	(4,725)
Cash applied to capital transactions	(10,413)	(4,725)
FINANCING TRANSACTIONS		
Principal payments on long-term debt	(1,241)	(1,182)
Grants received – deferred capital contributions	10,393	3,795
Cash provided by financing transactions	9,152	2,613
CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(182)	(2,592)
Opening cash and cash equivalents	6,025	8,617
·	5,843	6,025
Closing cash and cash equivalents	5,045	0,020

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# Lakehead District School Board Statement 4 Consolidated Statement of Change in Net Debt

	_		
Year ended August 31	2017	2017	2016
	Budget	Actual	Actual
	(Unaudited)		
	Note 1		
	\$	\$	\$
		[Thousands	of Dollars]
Annual surplus (deficit)	(1,011)	1,125	93
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(8,039)	(10,413)	(4,725)
Amortization of tangible capital assets	7,986	7,683	7,345
Use (acquisition) of prepaid expenses	· <del></del>	37	(60)
	(53)	(2,693)	2,560
(Increase) decrease in net debt	(1,064)	(1,568)	2,653
Net debt, beginning of year	(115,918)	(115,918)	(118,571)
Net debt, end of year	(116,982)	(117,486)	(115,918)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

August 31, 2017

[Thousands of Dollars]

### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements of the Lakehead District School Board are prepared by management in accordance with the basis of accounting described below.

### [a] Basis of accounting

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Financial Administration Act supplemented by Ontario Ministry of Education memorandum 2004:B2 and Ontario Regulation 395/11 of the Financial Administration Act.

The Financial Administration Act requires that the consolidated financial statements be prepared in accordance with the accounting principles determined by the relevant Ministry of the Province of Ontario. A directive was provided by the Ontario Ministry of Education within memorandum 2004:B2 requiring school boards to adopt Canadian public sector accounting standards commencing with their year ended August 31, 2004 and that changes may be required to the application of these standards as a result of regulation.

In 2011, the government passed Ontario Regulation 395/11 of the Financial Administration Act. The Regulation requires that contributions received or receivable for the acquisition or development of depreciable tangible capital assets and contributions of depreciable tangible capital assets for use in providing services, be recorded as deferred capital contributions and be recognized as revenue in the Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Deficit over the periods during which the asset is used to provide service at the same rate that amortization is recognized in respect of the related asset. The regulation further requires that if the net book value of the depreciable tangible capital asset is reduced for any reason other than depreciation, a proportionate reduction of the deferred capital contribution along with a proportionate increase in the revenue be recognized. For Ontario school boards, these contributions include government transfers, externally restricted contributions and, historically, property tax revenue.

The accounting policy requirements under Regulation 395/11 are significantly different from the requirements of Canadian public sector accounting standards which requires that:

- government transfers, which do not contain a stipulation that creates a liability, be recognized as revenue by the recipient when approved by the transferor and the eligibility criteria have been met in accordance with public sector accounting standard PS3410;
- externally restricted contributions be recognized as revenue in the period in which
  the resources are used for the purpose or purposes specified in accordance with
  public sector accounting standard PS3100; and
- property taxation revenue be reported as revenue when received or receivable in accordance with public sector accounting standard PS3510.

August 31, 2017

[Thousands of Dollars]

As a result, revenue recognized in the Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Deficit and certain related deferred revenues and deferred capital contributions would be recorded differently under Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards.

### [b] Reporting entity

The consolidated financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses of the reporting entity. The reporting entity is comprised of all organizations accountable for the administration of their financial affairs and resources to the Board and which are controlled by the Board.

School Generated Funds, which include the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses of various organizations that exist at the school level and which are controlled by the Board are reflected in the consolidated financial statements.

### Consolidated entities

School Generated Funds

Interdepartmental and interorganizational transactions and balances between these organizations are eliminated.

### [c] Trust funds

Trust funds and their related operations administered by the Board have not been included in the consolidated financial statements as they are not controlled by the Board.

### [d] Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand and demand deposits.

### [e] Temporary Investments

Temporary investments consist of marketable securities which are liquid short-term investments with maturities of between three months and one year at the date of acquisition, and are carried on the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position at the lower of cost or market value.

### [f] Deferred revenue

Certain amounts are received pursuant to legislation, regulation or agreement and may only be used in the conduct of certain programs or in the delivery of specific services and transactions. These amounts are recognized as revenue in the fiscal year the related expenditures are incurred or services performed.

August 31, 2017

[Thousands of Dollars]

### [g] Deferred capital contributions

Contributions received or receivable for the purpose of acquiring or developing a depreciable tangible capital asset for use in providing services, or any contributions in the form of depreciable tangible assets received or receivable for use in providing services, shall be recognized as deferred capital contribution as defined in Ontario Regulation 395/11 of the Financial Administration Act. These amounts are recognized as revenue at the same rate as the related tangible capital asset is amortized. The following items fall under this category:

- · Government transfers received or receivable for capital purpose;
- Other restricted contributions received or receivable for capital purpose; and
- Property taxation revenues which were historically used to fund capital assets.

### [h] Retirement and other employee future benefits

The Board provides defined retirement and other future benefits to specified employee groups. These benefits include pension, life insurance and health care benefits, dental benefits, retirement gratuity, worker's compensation and long-term disability benefits.

As part of ratified labour collective agreements for unionized employees that bargain centrally and ratified central discussions with the principals and vice-principals associations, the following Employee Life and Health Trusts (ELHTs) were established in 2016-17: ETFO, OSSTF, OSSTF-EW, CUPE, and a trust for non-unionized employees including principals and vice-principals. The ELHTs provide health, life and dental benefits to teachers (excluding daily occasional teachers), education workers (excluding casual and temporary staff), other school board staff and retired individuals up to a school board's participation date into the ELHT. These benefits are being provided through a joint governance structure between the bargaining/employee groups. school board trustees associations and the Government of Ontario. Starting June 1, 2017, the Board is no longer responsible to provide certain benefits to ETFO, OSSTF and OSSTF-EW. Beginning in the 2016-17 school year, school boards whose employee groups transitioned their health, dental and life benefits to the ELHT are required to remit a negotiated amount per full-time equivalency (FTE) on a monthly basis. Funding for the ELHTs is based on the existing benefits funding embedded within the Grants for Student Needs (GSN) and additional ministry funding in the form of a Crown contribution and Stabilization Adjustment.

The Board continues to provide health, dental and life insurance benefits for retired individuals and the following employee groups CUPE, OCEW (COPE) and non-unionized employees including principal and vice-principals and continues to have a liability for payment of benefits for those who are on long-term disability.

August 31, 2017

[Thousands of Dollars]

Following School Boards' Co-Operative Inc. (SBCI) discussions with the Ministry of Education and its consulting auditors, for the continuation of group benefits for employees on LTD as at August 31, 2017, employee groups that have transitioned to the ELHT have been excluded from the valuation; for employee groups that have not transitioned to the trust, the valuation methodology remains unchanged from prior years.

The Board has adopted the following policies with respect to accounting for these employee benefits:

[i] The costs of self-insured retirement and other employee future benefit plans are actuarially determined using management's best estimate of salary escalation, accumulated sick days at retirement, insurance and health care cost trends, disability recovery rates, long-term inflation rates and discount rates. In prior years, the cost of retirement gratuities that vested or accumulated over the periods of service provided by the employee were actuarially determined using management's best estimate of salary escalation, accumulated sick days at retirement and discount rates. As a result of the plan change, the cost of retirement gratuities are actuarially determined using the employee's salary, banked sick days and years of service as at August 31, 2012 and management's best estimate of discount rates. The changes resulted in a plan curtailment and any unamortized actuarial gains and losses are recognized as at August 31, 2012. Any actuarial gains and losses arising from changes to the discount rate are amortized over the expected average remaining service life of the employee group.

For self-insured retirement and other employee future benefits that vest or accumulate over the periods of service provided by employees, such as retirement gratuities and sick days, the cost is actuarially determined using the projected benefits method prorated on service. Under this method, the benefit costs are recognized over the expected average service life of the employee group.

For those self-insured benefit obligations that arise from specific events that occur from time to time, such as obligations for worker's compensation, long-term disability and life insurance and health care benefits for those on disability leave, the cost is recognized immediately in the period the events occur. Any actuarial gains and losses that are related to these benefits are recognized immediately in the period they arise.

August 31, 2017

[Thousands of Dollars]

- [iii] The costs of multi-employer defined pension plan benefits, such as the Ontario Municipal Employees Retirement System (OMERS) pensions, are the employer's contributions due to the plan in the period.
- [iii] The costs of insured benefits are the employer's portion of insurance premiums owed for coverage of employees during the period.

### [I] Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at historical cost less accumulated amortization. Historical cost includes amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset, as well as interest related to financing during construction. When historical cost records were not available, other methods were used to estimate the costs and accumulated amortization.

Leases which transfer substantially all of the benefits and risks incidental to ownership of property are accounted for as leased tangible capital assets. All other leases are accounted for as operating leases and the related payments are charged to expenses as incurred.

Tangible capital assets, except land, are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Land improvements with finite lives	15 years
Buildings and building improvements	40 years
Portable structures	20 years
Other buildings	20 years
First-time equipping of schools	10 years
Furniture	10 years
Equipment	5 - 15 years
Computer hardware	5 years
Computer software	5 years
Vehicles	5 - 10 years
Leasehold improvements	over the lease term

Assets under construction are not amortized until the asset is available for productive use.

August 31, 2017

[Thousands of Dollars]

Land permanently removed from service and held for resale is recorded at lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost includes amounts for improvements to prepare the land for sale or servicing. Buildings permanently removed from service cease to be amortized and the carrying value is written-down to its residual value. Buildings permanently removed from service and held for resale cease to be amortized and are recorded at the lower of carrying value and estimated net realizable value. Tangible capital assets which meet the criteria for financial assets are reclassified as "assets held for sale" on the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position.

Works of art and cultural and historic assets are not recorded as assets in these consolidated financial statements.

### [j] Government transfers

Government transfers, which include legislative grants, are recognized in the consolidated financial statements in the period in which events giving rise to the transfer occur, providing the transfers are authorized, and eligibility criteria have been met and reasonable estimates of the amount can be made. If government transfers contain stipulations which give rise to a liability, they are deferred and recognized in revenue when the stipulations are met.

Government transfers for capital that are deferred as required by Regulation 395/11, are recorded as deferred capital contributions (DCC) and recognized as revenue in the consolidated statement of operations at the same rate and over the same periods as the asset is amortized.

### [k] Investment income

Investment income is reported as revenue in the period earned.

When required by the funding government or related Act, investment income earned on externally restricted funds such as pupil accommodation, education development changes and special education forms part of the respective deferred revenue balances.

### [I] Budget figures

Budget figures have been provided for comparison purposes and have been derived from the budget approved by the Trustees. The budget approved by the Trustees is developed in accordance with the provincially mandated funding model for school boards and is used to manage program spending with the guidelines of the funding model. Given differences between the funding model and the basis of accounting used by the school board in the preparation of the financial statements, the budget figures presented have been adjusted to conform with this basis of accounting as it is used to prepare the consolidated financial statements. The budget figures are unaudited.

August 31, 2017

[Thousands of Dollars]

### [m] Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the basis of accounting described in note 1[a] requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the year. Actual results could differ from these estimates. Use of estimates include the useful lives of tangible capital assets, actuarial assumptions for retirement and other employee future benefit liabilities and the allowance for doubtful accounts.

### [n] Property tax revenue

Under Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards, the entity that determines and sets the tax levy records the revenue in the financial statements, which in the case of the Board, is the Province of Ontario. As a result, property tax revenue received from the municipalities is recorded as part of the Provincial Legislative Grants.

### 2. INVESTMENTS

Investments are recorded at cost. The total market value of the Board's investments at August 31, 2017 was approximately \$10,777 [2016 - \$10,635]. The Board's investments are comprised of cash and Guaranteed Investment Certificates.

# 3. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE – GOVERNMENT OF ONTARIO APPROVED CAPITAL

The Province of Ontario replaced variable capital funding with a one-time debt support grant in 2009-10. The Board received a one-time grant that recognized capital and unfunded debt as of August 31, 2010 that is supported by the existing capital programs. The Board will receive this grant in cash over the remaining term of the existing capital debt instruments. The Board may also receive yearly capital grants to support capital programs which would be reflected in this account receivable.

As at August 31, 2017, the Board has a receivable from the Province of Ontario of \$41,797 [2016 - \$39,182] with respect to capital grants.

August 31, 2017

[Thousands of Dollars]

### 4. DEFERRED REVENUE

Revenues received and that have been set aside for specific purposes by legislation, regulation or agreement are included in deferred revenue and reported on the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position.

Deferred revenue set-aside for specific purposes by legislation, regulation or agreement as at year-end is comprised of:

	Balance as at August 31, 2016 \$	Externally restricted revenue and investment income	Revenue recognized in period \$		Balance as at August 31, s 2017
Gain on disposal of tangible					
capital assets	4,078	_			4,078
Distant school	228	_	_	_	228
Special Education - SEA		15,101	14,736		365
Student Achievement	_	962	955	_	7
Indigenous Education	_	165	114	_	51
School renewal	4,336	2,459		2,262	4,533
Other grants	1,035	426			1,461
Pupil accommodation	29	_			29
	9,706	19,113	15,805	2,262	10,752

### 5. DEFERRED CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS

Government transfers for capital that meet the definition of a liability are referred to as deferred capital contributions (DCC). Amounts are recognized into revenue as the liability is extinguished over the useful life of the asset.

	2017 \$	2016 <u>\$</u>
Opening balance	109,219	112,638
Additions to deferred capital contributions	10,393	3,795
Amortization	(7,413)	(7,214)
	112,199	109,219

August 31, 2017

[Thousands of Dollars]

### 6. RETIREMENT AND OTHER EMPLOYEE FUTURE BENEFITS

### Retirement and Other Employee Future Benefits Liabilities

	2	2017		2016
	Retirement Benefits \$	Other Employee Future Benefits \$	Total Employee Future Benefits \$	Total Employee Future Benefits \$
Accrued employee future benefits obligations Unamortized actuarial losses	6,244 (707)	9,199 —	15,443 (707)	17,283 (1,024)
Employee future benefits liabilities	5,537	9,199	14,736	16,259

### Retirement and Other Employee Future Benefits Expenses

	Retirement Benefits	Other Employee Future Benefits	Total Employee Future Benefits	2016 Total Employee Future Benefits \$
Current year benefit cost	_	589	589	1,597
Interest on accrued benefit obligation	138	195	333	104
Change due to voluntary payout Recognition of unamortized actuarial	_	_	_	186
losses on plan amendments	107	18	125	52
Employee future benefits expenses*	245	802	1,047	1,939
Benefit payments	(852)	(1,718)	(2,570)	(2,602)
Change in employee future benefits	(607)	(916)	(1,523)	(663)

<sup>\*</sup> Retirement gratuity benefits are being amortized over the Employee Average Remaining Service Life (EARSL), which has been determined to be 10.9 years.

<sup>\*</sup> Excluding pension contributions to the OMERS, a multi-employer pension plan, described below.

August 31, 2017

[Thousands of Dollars]

### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The accrued benefit obligations for employee future benefit plans as at August 31, 2017 are based on actuarial valuations for accounting purposes as at August 31, 2017. These actuarial valuations were based on assumptions about future events. These valuations take into account the plan changes outlined above and the economic assumptions used in these valuations are the Board's best estimates of expected rates of:

	2017	2016
	%	<u></u> %_
Inflation	1.5	1.5
Wage and salary escalation	nil	nil
Health and dental care cost escalation	3.0 - 7.75	3.0 - 8.0
Discount on accrued benefit obligations	2.55	2.05

### **Retirement Benefits**

### [i] Ontario Teacher's Pension Plan

Teachers and related employee groups are eligible to be members of Ontario Teacher's Pension Plan. Employer contributions for these employees are provided directly by the Province of Ontario. The pension costs and obligations related to this plan are a direct responsibility of the Province. Accordingly, no costs or liabilities related to this plan are included in the Board's consolidated financial statements.

### [ii] Ontario Municipal Employees Retirement System

All non-teaching employees of the Board are eligible to be members of the Ontario Municipal Employees Retirement System (OMERS), a multi-employer pension plan. The plan provides defined pension benefits to employees based on their length of service and rates of pay. The Board contributions equal the employee contributions to the plan. During the year ended August 31, 2017, the Board contributed \$1,900 [2016 - \$1,920] to the plan. As this is a multi-employer pension plan, these contributions are the Board's pension benefit expenses. No pension liability for this type of plan is included in the Board's consolidated financial statements.

### [iii] Retirement Gratuities

The Board provides retirement gratuities to certain groups of employees hired prior to specified dates. The Board provides these benefits through an unfunded defined benefit plan. The benefit costs and liabilities related to this plan are included in the Board's consolidated financial statements. The amount of the gratuities payable to eligible employees at retirement is now based on their salary, accumulated sick days, and years of service at August 31, 2012.

August 31, 2017

[Thousands of Dollars]

### **Other Employee Future Benefits**

[i] Workplace Safety and Insurance Board Obligations

The Board is a Schedule 2 employer under the Workplace Safety and Insurance Act and, as such, assumes responsibility for the payment of all claims to its injured workers under the Act. The Board does not fund these obligations in advance of payments made under the Act. The benefit costs and liabilities related to this plan are included in the Board's consolidated financial statements. The Board has accumulated \$750 [2016 - \$750] in a reserve fund to assist with financing future claims and the insurance deductible on catastrophic claims.

[ii] Long-Term Disability, Dental and Health Benefits

Currently, the Board administers benefits through a health and welfare trust. The Board provides long-term disability benefits including partial salary compensation and payment of life insurance premiums and health care benefits during the period an employee is unable to work or until their normal retirement date. The Board also provides dental and extended health benefits to active employees. The Board provides these benefits through an unfunded defined benefit plan. The benefit costs and liabilities related to these plans are included in the Board's consolidated financial statements. The Board has accumulated assets of \$5,787 [2016 - \$5,872] in a trust fund to assist with financing future claims and rate fluctuations.

### [iii] Sick Leave Benefits

A maximum of eleven unused sick leave days from the current year may be carried forward into the following year only, to be used to top-up salary for illnesses paid through the short-term leave and disability plan in that year. The benefit costs expensed in the consolidated financial statements are \$2 [2016 - \$(15)].

For accounting purposes, the valuation of the accrued benefit obligation for the sick leave top-up is based on actuarial assumptions about future events determined as at August 31, 2017 (the date at which the probabilities of usage were determined) and is based on the average daily salary and banked sick days of employees as at August 31, 2017.

August 31, 2017

[Thousands of Dollars]

### 7. LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt reported on the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position is comprised of the following:

	2017 \$	2016 \$
Ontario Financing Authority Fixed rate term loan payable in blended semi-annual instalments of \$192,974 at 4.56%,	4.060	4.050
maturing November, 2031.	4,062	4,256
Fixed rate term loan payable in blended semi-annual instalments of \$16,141 at 4.90%, maturing March, 2033.	352	367
Fixed rate term loan payable in blended semi-annual instalments of \$38,371 at 5.06%, maturing March, 2034.	862	894
Fixed rate term loan payable in blended semi-annual instalments of \$1,210,794 at 5.23%, maturing April, 2035.	27,929	28,853
Fixed rate term loan payable in blended semi-annual instalments of \$41,524 at 4.83%, maturing March, 2036.	1,019	1,051
Fixed rate term loan payable in blended semi-annual instalments of \$37,691 at 3.97%, maturing November, 2036.	1,017	1,051
Fixed rate term loan payable in blended semi-annual instalments of \$10,751 at 2.99%, maturing March, 2040.	354	364
maturing indicit, 2040.	35,595	36,836

August 31, 2017

[Thousands of Dollars]

Principal payments relating to long-term debt of \$35,595, outstanding as at August 31, 2017, are due as follows:

	Principal \$	Interest \$	Total \$
2018	1,306	1,776	3,082
2019	1,372	1,710	3,082
2020	1,442	1,640	3,082
2021	1,516	1,567	3,083
2022	1,594	1,490	3,084
Thereafter	28,365	10,365	38,730
	35,595	18,548	54,143

### 8. TEMPORARY BORROWING

The Board has lines of credit available to a maximum of \$65 million to address operating requirements and/or bridge capital expenditures.

Interest on the operating facilities equal the bank's prime lending rate less 1%. All loans are unsecured and due on demand.

As at August 31, 2017, the amount drawn under the operating facility was \$nil [2016 - \$nil].

### 9. DEBT CHARGES AND CAPITAL LOANS

Total payments for the year for long-term debt are as follows:

	2017 \$	2016 \$
Principal payments on long-term debt	1,241	1,182
Interest payments on long-term debt	1,855	1,915
	3,096	3,097

August 31, 2017

[Thousands of Dollars]

### 10. EXPENSES BY OBJECT

The following is a summary of the expenses reported on the Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Deficit by object:

	2017 Budget \$	2017 Actual \$	2016 Actual \$
	(Unaudited)	Ψ	Ψ
	Note 1		
Expenses			
Salaries and wages	81,986	84,127	85,350
Employee benefits	13,306	12,603	14,063
Staff development	235	286	924
Supplies and services	11,848	12,239	12,261
Interest	1,855	2,365	1,939
Fees and contracted services	6,978	7,379	6,904
Other	131	324	613
Amortization of tangible capital assets	7,986	7,683	7,345
	124,325	127,006	129,399

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements **Lakehead District School Board**

August 31, 2017

[Thousands of Dollars]

# 11. TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS - NET

			Cost				Accumu	Accumulated Amortization	zation		Net Book Value	k Value
									Transfer			
	Balance	Additions		Transfers from	Balance	Balance		Disposals,	from	Balance		
	Sept. 1,	and		assets held	Aug. 31,	Sept. 1,		write-offs,	assets	Aug. 31,	Aug. 31,	Aug. 31,
	2016	transfers	Disposals	for sale	2017	2016	Amortization a	djustment	for sale	2017	2017	2016
	<del>⇔</del>	<del>()</del>	<del>69</del>	<del>⇔</del>	↔	↔	<del>⇔</del>	↔	↔	<del>\$</del>	₩	
Land	1,021	١	İ	I	1,021	1	I		i	İ	1,021	1,021
Land improvements	3,751	738	I	1	4,489	1,515	373	J	ļ	1,888	2,601	2,236
Buildings	183,859	5,170	1	1	189,029	76,624	6,291	l	l	82,915	106,114	107,235
Furniture and equipment		924	473	ı	9,532	6,573	978	473	١	7,078	2,454	2,508
Vehicles		,1	i	1	419	379	17	l	1	396	23	40
Leasehold Improvements		175	İ	l	197	Ø	24	ı		26	171	20
Construction in Progress	) 	3,406		1	3,406	ŀ	1	i	I	l	3,406	
Total	198,153	10,413	473	1	208,093	85,093	7,683	473	ì	92,303	115,790	113,060

August 31, 2017

[Thousands of Dollars]

### 12. ACCUMULATED DEFICIT

Accumulated deficit consists of the following:

	<b>2017</b> \$	2016 \$
Surplus (deficit)		
Operating surplus available for compliance	3,943	3.471
Amounts restricted for future use by Board motion	7,352	7,126
Unfunded amounts to be recovered	(14,232)	(15,001)
Interest accrual	(448)	· · · · · ·
School Generated Funds	718	612
Revenues recognized for land	1,021	1,021
Accumulated deficit	(1,646)	(2,771)

### 13. INTERNALLY RESTRICTED SURPLUSES

Restricted amounts are made up of the following:

	2017	2016
	<u> </u>	\$
Retirement gratuity	753	807
Archives	20	20
Transition assistance	32	32
Old Fort William	75	73
Demutualization	929	915
WSIB	750	750
Facility stabilization	440	440
Board capital - other needs	306	306
Financial stabilization	2,401	1,948
Committed capital	1,646	1,835
	7,352	7,126

### 14. TRUST FUNDS

Trust funds administered by the Board amounting to \$802 [2016 - \$810] have not been included in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position, nor have their operations been included in the Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Deficit.

### 15. CONTINGENCIES

In the ordinary course of business, there are outstanding claims against the Board for which the amount of the settlement, if any, is not determinable at this time. These contingencies will be recognized in the financial statements as liabilities and expenses, net of insurance proceeds where applicable, when it is determined that the claims are likely and are reasonably estimable.

August 31, 2017

[Thousands of Dollars]

### **16. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

As part of ratified labour collective agreements for unionized employees that bargain centrally and ratified central discussions with the principals and vice-principals associations, Employee Life and Health Trusts (ELHTs) were established in 2016-17 for ETFO, OSSTF and OSSTF-EW, CUPE and non-unionized employees including principals and vice principals. In 2016-17 a full benefit transition was completed for ETFO, OSSTF and OSSTF-EW, however, a full benefit transition to the trust will not take place until 2017-18 for CUPE and non-unionized employees including principals and vice principals. An ELHT for the OCEW (COPE) employee group will be established in 2017-18, as well as a full benefit transition to the trust.

### 17. ONTARIO SCHOOL BOARD INSURANCE EXCHANGE (OSBIE)

The Board is a member of the Ontario School Board Insurance Exchange (OSBIE), a reciprocal insurance company licenced under the Insurance Act. OSBIE insures general public liability, property damage and certain other risks. Liability insurance is available to a maximum of \$20 million per occurrence.

The ultimate premiums over a five-year period are based on the reciprocals and the Board's actual claims experience. Periodically, the Board may receive a refund or be asked to pay an additional premium based on its pro-rata share of claims experience.

# 18. PARTNERSHIP IN STUDENT TRANSPORTATION SERVICES OF THUNDER BAY

The Board has entered into an agreement with the Thunder Bay Catholic District School Board and Conseil Scolaire de District Catholic des Aurores Boréales in order to provide common administration of student transportation in the Region. This agreement was executed in an effort to increase delivery efficiency and cost effectiveness of student transportation for each of the Boards. Under the agreement, decisions related to the financial and operating activities member Boards are shared. No partner is in a position to exercise unilateral control.

The Board's consolidated financial statements reflect its pro-rata share of expenses.

### 19. REPAYMENT OF "55 SCHOOL BOARD TRUST" FUNDING

On June 1, 2003, the Board received \$1,329,731 from 55 School Board Trust for its capital related debt eligible for provincial funding support pursuant to a 30-year agreement it entered into with the Trust. 55 School Board Trust was created to refinance the outstanding not permanently financed (NPF) debt of participating boards who are beneficiaries of the Trust. Under the terms of the agreement, 55 School Board Trust repaid the Board's debt in consideration for the assignment by the Board to the Trust of future provincial grants payable to the Board in respect of the NPF debt.

As a result of the above agreement, the liability in respect of the NPF debt is no longer reflected in the Board's financial position.