Consolidated Financial Statements

Lakehead District School Board

August 31, 2021

Management Report

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Lakehead District School Board have been prepared in compliance with legislation, and in accordance with the Financial Administration Act. A summary of the significant accounting policies are described in note 1 to the consolidated financial statements. The preparation of consolidated financial statements necessarily involves the use of estimates based on management's judgement, particularly when transactions affecting the current accounting period cannot be finalized with certainty until future periods.

Board management maintains a system of internal control designed to provide reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded, transactions are properly authorized and recorded in compliance with legislative and regulatory requirements, and reliable financial information is available on a timely basis for preparation of the consolidated financial statements. These systems are monitored and evaluated by management.

The Board meets with management and the external auditors to review the consolidated financial statements and discuss any significant financial reporting or internal control matters prior to their approval of the consolidated financial statements.

The 2021 consolidated financial statements for the Lakehead District School Board have been audited by BDO Canada LLP, independent external auditors appointed by the Board. The accompanying Independent Auditor's Report outlines their responsibilities, the scope of their examination and their opinion on the presentation of the information included in the Board's consolidated financial statements.

Director of Education

Superintendent of Business



Tel: 807 625 4444 Fax: 807 623 8460 www.bdo.ca

BDO Canada LLP 1095 Barton Street Thunder Bay ON P7B 5N3

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Trustees of Lakehead District School Board

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Lakehead District School Board (the School Board) and its controlled entities (the Group), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at August 31, 2021, and the consolidated statements of operations and accumulated deficit, cash flows and change in net debt for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the *Basis for Qualified Opinion* section of our report, the accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Group as at and for the year ended August 31, 2021, are prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the basis of accounting described in Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

In common with many school boards, the Lakehead District School Board derives revenue from fundraising activities the completeness of which is not susceptible to satisfactory audit verification. Accordingly, verification of these revenues was limited to the amounts recorded in the records of the Lakehead District School Board. Therefore, we were not able to determine whether any adjustments might be necessary to school generated funds revenue, annual surplus and cash flows from operations for the years ended August 31, 2021 and 2020, financial assets as at August 31, 2021 and 2020 and accumulated deficit as at September 1 and August 31 for both 2021 and 2020 years. Our audit opinion on the consolidated financial statements for the year ended August 31, 2020 was modified accordingly because of the possible effects of this limitation in scope.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities* for the *Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Lakehead District School Board in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified audit opinion.

Emphasis of Matter - Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements which describes the basis of accounting used in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements and the significant differences between such basis of accounting and Canadian public sector accounting standards. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.



Independent Auditor's Report (cont'd)

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the basis of accounting described in Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.



Independent Auditor's Report (cont'd)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the
 entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the
 consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and
 performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

BDO Canada LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

Thunder Bay, Ontario December 2, 2021

Contents

	Page
Statement 1 – Consolidated Statement of Financial Position	3
Statement 2 – Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Deficit	4
Statement 3 – Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows	5
Statement 4 – Consolidated Statement of Change in Net Debt	6
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements	7 - 24

Lakehead District School Board Statement 1 Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

As at August 31	2021	2020
	\$	\$
	[Thousands	of Dollars]
FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	9,114	10,896
Investments [note 2]	. 187	187
Accounts receivable	8,174	14,032
Accounts receivable – Government of Ontario [note 3]	43,125	45,639
TOTAL FINANCIAL ASSETS	60,600	70,754
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	11,757	21,940
Other liabilities	317	425
Long-term debt [note 7]	29,959	31,475
Deferred revenue [note 4]	7,068	8,698
Retirement and other employee future benefits liabilities [note 6]	16,115	15,726
Deferred capital contributions [note 5]	164,915	162,347
TOTAL FINANCIAL LIABILITIES	230,131	240,611
NET DEBT	(169,531)	(169,857)
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Prepaid expenses	202	27
Tangible capital assets – net [note 11]	167,924	166,134
TOTAL NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS	168,126	166,161
ACCUMULATED DEFICIT [note 12]	(1,405)	(3,696)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

On behalf of the Board:

Director of Education

Chair of the Board

Lakehead District School Board Statement 2 Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Deficit

Year ended August 31	2021	2021	2020
	Budget	Actual	Actual
	Note 1		
	\$	\$	\$
	[Tho	usands of Dol	lars]
REVENUES			
Provincial legislative grants	116,179	117,382	112,986
Provincial grants – other	4,626	9,980	4,383
School generated funds	2,003	616	1,217
Federal grants and fees	2,588	2,750	2,545
Investment income	60	79	68
Other revenues – school boards	1,562	228	227
Other fees and revenues	858	820	1,253
Amortization of deferred capital contributions	10,556	10,546	8,984
TOTAL REVENUES	138,432	142,401	131,663
EXPENSES			
Instruction	98,925	99,460	94,582
Administration	5,182	4,694	5,076
Transportation	7,642	6,444	6,344
Pupil accommodation	26,076	26,594	24,406
School generated funds	2,003	652	1,131
Other	99	2,266	1,170
TOTAL EXPENSES [NOTE 10]	139,927	140,110	132,709
Annual surplus (deficit)	(1,495)	2,291	(1,046)
Accumulated deficit, beginning of year	(3,696)	(3,696)	(2,650)
Accumulated deficit, end of year	(5,191)	(1,405)	(3,696)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Lakehead District School Board Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows	State	ement 3
Year ended August 31	2021	2020
	\$	\$
	[Thousands	of Dollars]
OPERATIONS Annual surplus (deficit)	2,291	(1,046)
Non-cash charges		
Amortization of tangible capital assets	10,889	9,316
Amortization of deferred capital contributions	(10,546)	(8,984)
Increase in retirement and other employee	, , ,	, , ,
future benefits liabilities	389	961
Net change in non-cash working capital balances		
Decrease in accounts receivable	5,858	6,497
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable-Delayed Grant Payme	ent (3,750)	4,125
Decrease in accounts receivable – Government of Ontario	6,264	5,863
(Decrease) increase in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(10,183)	6,369
(Decrease) increase in other liabilities	(108)	188
Decrease in deferred revenue	(1,630)	(278)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses	(175)	70
Cash applied to operating transactions	(701)	23,081
INVESTING TRANSACTIONS		
Decrease in investments	_	3,966
Cash applied to investing transactions	_	3,966
CAPITAL TRANSACTION		
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(12,679)	(27,380)
Cash applied to capital transactions	(12,679)	(27,380)
FINANCING TRANSACTIONS		
Decrease in temporary borrowing		(14,145)
Principal payments on long-term debt	(1,516)	(1,443)
Grants received – deferred capital contributions	13,114	26,655
Cash provided by financing transactions	11,598	11,067
CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(1,782)	10,734
Opening cash and cash equivalents	10,896	10,734
Closing cash and cash equivalents	9,114	10,896

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Lakehead District School Board Statement 4 Consolidated Statement of Change in Net Debt

Year ended August 31	2021	2021	2020
	Budget	Actual	Actual
	Note 1		
	\$	\$	\$
		[Thousands	of Dollars]
Annual surplus (deficit)	(1,495)	2,291	(1,046)
Acquisition of tangible capital assets Amortization of tangible capital assets (Acquisition) use of prepaid expenses	(11,886) 10,617 —	(12,679) 10,889 (175)	(27,380) 9,316 70
	(1,269)	(1,965)	(17,994)
Decrease (increase) in net debt Net debt, beginning of year	(2,764) (169,857)	326 (169,857)	(19,040) (150,817)
Net debt, end of year	(172,621)	(169,531)	(169,857)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

August 31, 2021 [Thousands of Dollars]

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements of the Lakehead District School Board are prepared by management in accordance with the basis of accounting described below.

[a] Basis of accounting

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Financial Administration Act supplemented by Ontario Ministry of Education memorandum 2004: B2 and Ontario Regulation 395/11 of the Financial Administration Act.

The Financial Administration Act requires that the consolidated financial statements be prepared in accordance with the accounting principles determined by the relevant Ministry of the Province of Ontario. A directive was provided by the Ontario Ministry of Education within memorandum 2004: B2 requiring school boards to adopt Canadian public sector accounting standards commencing with their year ended August 31, 2004 and that changes may be required to the application of these standards as a result of regulation.

In 2011, the government passed Ontario Regulation 395/11 of the Financial Administration Act. The Regulation requires that contributions received or receivable for the acquisition or development of depreciable tangible capital assets and contributions of depreciable tangible capital assets for use in providing services, be recorded as deferred capital contributions and be recognized as revenue in the Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Deficit over the periods during which the asset is used to provide service at the same rate that amortization is recognized in respect of the related asset. The regulation further requires that if the net book value of the depreciable tangible capital asset is reduced for any reason other than depreciation, a proportionate reduction of the deferred capital contribution along with a proportionate increase in the revenue be recognized. For Ontario school boards, these contributions include government transfers, externally restricted contributions and, historically, property tax revenue.

The accounting policy requirements under Regulation 395/11 are significantly different from the requirements of Canadian public sector accounting standards which requires that:

- government transfers, which do not contain a stipulation that creates a liability, be recognized as revenue by the recipient when approved by the transferor and the eligibility criteria have been met in accordance with public sector accounting standard PS3410;
- externally restricted contributions be recognized as revenue in the period in which the resources are used for the purpose or purposes specified in accordance with public sector accounting standard PS3100; and
- property taxation revenue be reported as revenue when received or receivable in accordance with public sector accounting standard PS3510.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

August 31, 2021 [Thousands of Dollars]

As a result, revenue recognized in the Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Deficit and certain related deferred revenues and deferred capital contributions would be recorded differently under Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards.

[b] Reporting entity

The consolidated financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses of the reporting entity. The reporting entity is comprised of all organizations accountable for the administration of their financial affairs and resources to the Board and which are controlled by the Board.

School Generated Funds, which include the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses of various organizations that exist at the school level and which are controlled by the Board are reflected in the consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated entities

School Generated Funds

Interdepartmental and interorganizational transactions and balances between these organizations are eliminated.

[c] Trust funds

Trust funds and their related operations administered by the Board have not been included in the consolidated financial statements as they are not controlled by the Board.

[d] Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand and demand deposits.

[e] Deferred revenue

Certain amounts are received pursuant to legislation, regulation or agreement and may only be used in the conduct of certain programs or in the delivery of specific services and transactions. These amounts are recognized as revenue in the fiscal year the related expenditures are incurred, or services performed.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

August 31, 2021 [Thousands of Dollars]

[f] Deferred capital contributions

Contributions received or receivable for the purpose of acquiring or developing a depreciable tangible capital asset for use in providing services, or any contributions in the form of depreciable tangible assets received or receivable for use in providing services, shall be recognized as deferred capital contribution as defined in Ontario Regulation 395/11 of the Financial Administration Act. These amounts are recognized as revenue at the same rate as the related tangible capital asset is amortized. The following items fall under this category:

- Government transfers received or receivable for capital purpose;
- Other restricted contributions received or receivable for capital purpose; and
- Property taxation revenues which were historically used to fund capital assets.

[g] Retirement and other employee future benefits

The Board provides defined retirement and other future benefits to specified employee groups. These benefits include pension, life insurance and health care benefits, dental benefits, retirement gratuity, worker's compensation and long-term disability benefits.

As part of ratified labour collective agreements for unionized employees that bargain centrally and ratified central discussions with the principals and vice-principals' associations, Employee Life and Health Trusts (ELHTs) were established for all employee groups in 2016-18. The ELHTs provide health, life and dental benefits to teachers (excluding daily occasional teachers), education workers (excluding casual and temporary staff), other school board staff and retired individuals up to a school board's participation date into the ELHT. These benefits are being provided through a joint governance structure between the bargaining/employee groups, school board trustees associations and the Government of Ontario. The Board is no longer responsible to provide certain benefits to ETFO (June 1, 2017), OSSTF (June 1, 2017), OSSTF-EW (June 1, 2017), CUPE (March 1, 2018), principal/vice principal (April 1, 2018), principal/vice principal retirees (April 1, 2018), OCEW (June 1, 2018), non-unionized employees (June 1, 2018), and non-unionized retirees (June 1, 2018). Upon transition of the employee groups' heath, dental and life benefits to the ELHT, school boards are required to remit a negotiated amount per full-time equivalency (FTE) on a monthly basis. Funding for the ELHTs is based on the existing benefits funding embedded within the Grants for Student Needs (GSN) and additional ministry funding in the form of a Crown contribution and Stabilization Adjustment.

The Board continues to provide life insurance benefits for CUPE and OSSTF retired individuals.

Benefits for employee groups that have transitioned to the ELHT are similar to a defined contributions plan and the Board is no longer responsible for the continuation of group benefits for employees on LTD. Since all employee groups have transitioned to the ELHT as at August 31, 2018, the liability for the continuation of group benefits for

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

August 31, 2021 [Thousands of Dollars]

employees on LTD has been eliminated.

The Board has adopted the following policies with respect to accounting for these employee benefits:

[i] The costs of self-insured retirement and other employee future benefit plans are actuarially determined using management's best estimate of salary escalation, accumulated sick days at retirement, insurance and health care cost trends, disability recovery rates, long-term inflation rates and discount rates. The cost of retirement gratuities are actuarially determined using the employee's salary, banked sick days (if applicable) and years of service as at August 31, 2012 and management's best estimate of discount rates. Any actuarial gains and losses arising from changes to the discount rate are amortized over the expected average remaining service life of the employee group.

For self-insured retirement and other employee future benefits that vest or accumulate over the periods of service provided by employees, such as retirement gratuities and sick days, the cost is actuarially determined using the projected benefits method prorated on service. Under this method, the benefit costs are recognized over the expected average service life of the employee group.

For those self-insured benefit obligations that arise from specific events that occur from time to time, such as obligations for worker's compensation and long-term disability, the cost is recognized immediately in the period the events occur. Any actuarial gains and losses that are related to these benefits are recognized immediately in the period they arise.

- [ii] The costs of multi-employer defined pension plan benefits, such as the Ontario Municipal Employees Retirement System (OMERS) pensions, are the employer's contributions due to the plan in the period.
- [iii] The costs of insured benefits are the employer's portion of insurance premiums owed for coverage of employees during the period.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

August 31, 2021 [Thousands of Dollars]

[h] Tangible capital assets

use.

Tangible capital assets are recorded at historical cost less accumulated amortization. Historical cost includes amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset, as well as interest related to financing during construction. When historical cost records were not available, other methods were used to estimate the costs and accumulated amortization.

Leases which transfer substantially all of the benefits and risks incidental to ownership of property are accounted for as leased tangible capital assets. All other leases are accounted for as operating leases and the related payments are charged to expenses as incurred.

Tangible capital assets, except land, are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Land improvements with finite lives	15 years
Buildings and building improvements	40 years
Portable structures	20 years
Other buildings	20 years
First-time equipping of schools	10 years
Furniture	10 years
Equipment	5 - 15 years
Computer hardware	3 years
Computer software	5 years
Vehicles	5 - 10 years
Leasehold improvements	over the lease term

Assets under construction are not amortized until the asset is available for productive

The useful life for computer hardware was revised from five years to three years based on new information related to the actual life of the assets. As such, additional amortization has occurred for these assets as needed to bring the net book value in line with this new policy. The impact of this change is estimated at \$561.

Land permanently removed from service and held for resale is recorded at lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost includes amounts for improvements to prepare the land for sale or servicing. Buildings permanently removed from service cease to be amortized and the carrying value is written-down to its residual value. Building permanently removed from service and held for resale cease to be amortized and are recorded at the lower of carrying value and estimated net realizable value. Tangible capital assets which meet the criteria for financial assets are reclassified as "assets held for sale" on the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position.

Works of art and cultural and historic assets are not recorded as assets in these consolidated financial statements.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

August 31, 2021 [Thousands of Dollars]

[i] Government transfers

Government transfers, which include legislative grants, are recognized in the consolidated financial statements in the period in which events giving rise to the transfer occur, providing the transfers are authorized, and eligibility criteria have been met and reasonable estimates of the amount can be made. If government transfers contain stipulations which give rise to a liability, they are deferred and recognized in revenue when the stipulations are met.

Government transfers for capital that are deferred as required by Regulation 395/11, recorded as deferred capital contributions (DCC) and recognized as revenue in the consolidated statement of operations at the same rate and over the same periods as the asset is amortized.

[i] Investment income

Investment income is reported as revenue in the period earned.

When required by the funding government or related Act, investment income earned on externally restricted funds such as pupil accommodation, education development changes and special education forms part of the respective deferred revenue balances.

[k] Budget figures

Budget figures have been provided for comparison purposes and have been derived from the budget approved by the Trustees. The budget approved by the Trustees is developed in accordance with the provincially mandated funding model for school boards and is used to manage program spending with the guidelines of the funding model. Given differences between the funding model and the basis of accounting used by the school board in the preparation of the financial statements, the budget figures presented have been adjusted to conform with this basis of accounting as it is used to prepare the consolidated financial statements. The budget figures are unaudited.

[I] Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the basis of accounting described in note 1[a] requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the year. Actual results could differ from these estimates. Use of estimates include the useful lives of tangible capital assets, actuarial assumption for retirement and other employee future benefit liabilities and the allowance for doubtful accounts.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

August 31, 2021 [Thousands of Dollars]

[m] Property tax revenue

Under Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards, the entity that determines and sets the tax levy records the revenue in the financial statements, which in the case of the Board, is the Province of Ontario. As a result, property tax revenue received from the municipalities is recorded as part of the Provincial Legislative Grants.

2. INVESTMENTS

Investments are recorded at cost. The total market value of the Board's investments at August 31, 2021 was approximately \$187 [2020 - \$187]. The Board's investments are comprised of cash.

3. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE – GOVERNMENT OF ONTARIO

The Province of Ontario has replaced variable capital funding with a one-time debt support grant in 2009-10. The Board received a one-time grant that recognizes capital and unfunded debt as of August 31, 2010 that is supported by the existing capital programs. The Board will receive this grant in cash over the remaining term of the existing capital debt instruments. The Board may also receive yearly capital grants to support capital programs which would be reflected in this account receivable.

As at August 31, 2021, the Board has a receivable from the Province of Ontario of \$36,864 [2020 - \$43,128] with respect to capital and operating grants.

The Ministry of Education introduced a cash management strategy effective September 1, 2018. As part of the strategy, the ministry delays part of the grant payment to school boards where the adjusted accumulated surplus and deferred revenue balances are in excess of certain criteria set out by the Ministry. The balance of delayed grant payments included in the receivable balance from the Government of Ontario at August 31, 2021 is \$6,261 (2020 - \$2,511).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

August 31, 2021 [Thousands of Dollars]

4. DEFERRED REVENUE

Revenues received and that have been set aside for specific purposes by legislation, regulation or agreement are included in deferred revenue and reported on the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position.

Deferred revenue set-aside for specific purposes by legislation, regulation or agreement as at year-end is comprised of:

		Externally		Transfers	
	Balance	restricted	Revenue	to	Balance
	as at	revenue and	recognized	deferred	as at
	August 31,	investment	in	capital	August 31,
	2020	income	period	contribution	s 2021
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Gain on disposal of tangible					
capital assets	2,345	_	_	1,799	546
Special Education - SEA	240	17,867	18,107	_	_
Student Achievement	65	443	442	_	66
Indigenous Education	77	843	810	_	110
School renewal	4,422	2,345	_	3,611	3,156
Experiential Learning	_	259	246	· 	13
Other grants	1,520	3,148	1,520	_	3,148
Pupil accommodation	29	· —		_	29
	8,698	24,905	21,125	5,410	7,068

5. DEFERRED CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS

Government transfers for capital that meet the definition of a liability are referred to as deferred capital contributions (DCC). Amounts are recognized into revenue as the liability is extinguished over the useful life of the asset.

	2021 \$	2020 \$
Opening balance	162,347	144,676
Additions to deferred capital contributions	13,114	26,655
Amortization	(10,546)	(8,984)
	164,915	162,347

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

August 31, 2021 [Thousands of Dollars]

6. RETIREMENT AND OTHER EMPLOYEE FUTURE BENEFITS

Retirement and Other Employee Future Benefits Liabilities

	2021			2020
		Other	Total	Total
		Employee	Employee	Employee
	Retirement	Future	Future	Future
	Benefits	Benefits	Benefits	Benefits
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Accrued employee future benefits				
obligations	4,589	12,361	16,950	16,828
Unamortized actuarial losses	(835)		(835)	(1,102)
Employee future benefits liabilities	3,754	12,361	16,115	15,726

Retirement and Other Employee Future Benefits Expenses

2021			2020	
	Retirement Benefits \$	Other Employee Future Benefits \$	Total Employee Future Benefits	Total Employee Future Benefits \$
Current year benefit cost Interest on accrued benefit obligation Recognition of unamortized actuarial losses on plan amendments		2,663	2,663	2,727
	67	168	235	321
	169	48	217	127
Employee future benefits expenses* Benefit payments Change in employee future benefits	236	2,879	3,115	3,175
	(356)	(2,370)	(2,726)	(2,214)
	(120)	509	389	961

^{*} Retirement gratuity benefits are being amortized over the Employee Average Remaining Service Life (EARSL), which has been determined to be 7.4 years.

^{*} Excluding pension contributions to the OMERS, a multi-employer pension plan, described below.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

August 31, 2021 [Thousands of Dollars]

Actuarial Assumptions

The accrued benefit obligations for employee future benefit plans as at August 31, 2021 are based on actuarial valuations for accounting purposes as at August 31, 2021. The last full actuarial valuations were performed by SBCI as at August 31, 2019 for frozen retirement gratuity, as at August 31, 2020 for long term disability income benefit and as at August 31, 2021 for sick leave carry-over benefits. These actuarial valuations were based on assumptions about future events. These valuations take into account the plan changes outlined above and the economic assumptions used in these valuations are the Board's best estimates of expected rates of:

	2021 %	2020 %
Inflation	1.5	1.5
Wage and salary escalation	0	0
Discount on accrued benefit obligations	1.8	1.4

Retirement Benefits

[i] Ontario Teacher's Pension Plan

Teachers and related employee groups are eligible to be members of Ontario Teacher's Pension Plan. Employer contributions for these employees are provided directly by the Province of Ontario. The pension costs and obligations related to this plan are a direct responsibility of the Province. Accordingly, no costs or liabilities related to this plan are included in the Board's consolidated financial statements.

[ii] Ontario Municipal Employees Retirement System

All non-teaching employees of the Board are eligible to be members of the Ontario Municipal Employees Retirement System (OMERS), a multi-employer pension plan. The plan provides defined pension benefits to employees based on their length of service and rates of pay. The Board contributions equal the employee contributions to the plan. During the year ended August 31, 2021, the board contributed \$2,024 [2020 - \$1,859] to the plan. As this is a multi-employer pension plan, these contributions are the Board's pension benefit expenses. No pension liability for this type of plan is included in the Board's consolidated financial statements.

[iii] Retirement Gratuities

The Board provides retirement gratuities to certain groups of employees hired prior to specified dates. The Board provides these benefits through an unfunded defined benefit plan. The benefit costs and liabilities related to this plan are included in the Board's consolidated financial statements. The amount of the gratuities payable to eligible employees at retirement is now based on their salary, accumulated sick days, and years of service at August 31, 2012.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

August 31, 2021 [Thousands of Dollars]

Other Employee Future Benefits

[i] Workplace Safety and Insurance Board Obligations

The Board is a Schedule 2 employer under the Workplace Safety and Insurance Act and, as such, assumes responsibility for the payment of all claims to its injured workers under the Act. The Board does not fund these obligations in advance of payments made under the Act. The benefit costs and liabilities related to this plan are included in the Board's consolidated financial statements. The Board has accumulated \$750 [2020 - \$750] in a reserve fund to assist with financing future claims and the insurance deductible on catastrophic claims.

[ii] Long-Term Disability Salary Compensation

Currently, the Board administers benefits through a health and welfare trust. The Board provides long-term disability benefits including partial salary compensation during the period an employee is unable to work or until their normal retirement date. The Board provides these benefits through an unfunded defined benefit plan. The benefit costs and liabilities related to this plan is included in the Board's consolidated financial statements. The Board has accumulated assets of \$5,577 [2020 - \$5,504] in a trust fund to assist with financing future claims and rate fluctuations. Subsequent to year end, the Board fully discharged the obligation for this plan as detailed in Note 21.

[iii] Sick Leave Benefits

A maximum of eleven unused sick leave days from the current year may be carried forward into the following year only, to be used to top-up salary for illnesses paid through the short-term leave and disability plan in that year. The benefit costs expensed in the consolidated financial statements are \$56 [2020 - \$11].

For accounting purposes, the valuation of the accrued benefit obligation for the sick leave top-up is based on actuarial assumptions about future events determined as at August 31, 2021 (the date at which the probabilities of usage were determined) and is based on the average daily salary and banked sick days of employees as at August 31, 2021.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

August 31, 2021 [Thousands of Dollars]

7. LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt reported on the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position is comprised of the following:

	2021 \$	2020 \$
Ontario Financing Authority Fixed rate term loan payable in blended semi-annual instalments of \$193 at 4.56%, maturing November, 2031.	3,192	3,424
Fixed rate term loan payable in blended semi-annual instalments of \$16 at 4.90%, maturing March, 2033.	287	304
Fixed rate term loan payable in blended semi-annual instalments of \$38 at 5.06%, maturing March, 2034.	717	757
Fixed rate term loan payable in blended semi-annual instalments of \$1,211 at 5.23%, maturing April, 2035.	23,717	24,853
Fixed rate term loan payable in blended semi-annual instalments of \$42 at 4.83%, maturing March, 2036.	872	911
Fixed rate term loan payable in blended semi-annual instalments of \$38 at 3.97%, maturing November, 2036.	866	906
Fixed rate term loan payable in blended semi-annual instalments of \$11 at 2.99%, maturing March, 2040.	308	320
	29,959	31,475

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

August 31, 2021

[Thousands of Dollars]

Principal payments relating to long-term debt of \$29,959, outstanding as at August 31, 2021, are due as follows:

	Principal	Interest	Total
-	\$	\$	\$
2022	1,594	1,490	3,084
2023	1,675	1,409	3,084
2024	1,762	1,323	3,085
2025	1,852	1,234	3,086
2026	1,947	1,140	3,087
Thereafter	21,129	5,258	26,387
	29,959	11,854	41,813

8. TEMPORARY BORROWING

The Board has lines of credit available to a maximum of \$33.5 million to address operating requirements and/or bridge capital expenditures.

Interest on the operating facilities equal the bank's prime lending rate less 1%. All loans are unsecured and due on demand.

As at August 31, 2021, the amount drawn under the operating facility was \$nil [2020 - \$nil].

9. DEBT CHARGES AND CAPITAL LOANS

Total payments for the year for long-term debt are as follows:

	2021 \$	2020 \$
Principal payments on long-term debt	1,516	1,443
Interest payments on long-term debt	1,580	1,633
	3,096	3,076

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

August 31, 2021 [Thousands of Dollars]

10. EXPENSES BY OBJECT

The following is a summary of the expenses reported on the Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Deficit by object:

	2021 Budget \$	2021 Actual \$	2020 Actual \$
	(Unaudited)	<u> </u>	
	Note 1		
Expenses			
Salaries and wages	91,015	90,488	85,989
Employee benefits	16,351	16,454	16,876
Staff development	491	165	109
Supplies and services	10,653	10,197	9,597
Interest	1,620	1,638	1,654
Fees and contracted services	8,803	9,255	8,809
Other	377	1,024	359
Amortization of tangible capital assets	10,617	10,889	9,316
	139,927	140,110	132,709

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

August 31, 2021 [Thousands of Dollars]

11. TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS - NET

	Cost			Accumulated Amortization				Net Book Value				
	Data	A 1 12d		T	Dalama	D. I.		D' l .	Transfer			
	Balance Sept. 1,	Additions and		Transfers from assets held	Balance Aug. 31,	Balance Sept. 1,		Disposals, write-offs.	from assets	Balance Aug. 31,	Aug. 31,	Aug. 31,
	2020		Disposals		2021	2020	Amortization				2021	2020
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Land	1,017	_	_	_	1,017	_	_	_	_	_	1,017	1,017
Land improvements	9,470	5,052	_	_	14,522	3,549	847	_	_	4,396	10,126	5,921
Buildings	219,339	40,856	_	_	260,195	97,496	8,568	_	_	106,064	154,131	121,843
Furniture and equipmen	nt 11,425	892	5,577	_	6,740	8,259	1,438	5,577	_	4,120	2,620	3,166
Vehicles	360	_	_	_	360	318	12	_	_	330	30	42
Leasehold improvement	ts 197	_	_	_	197	173	24	_	_	197	_	24
Construction in progress	s 34,121	(34,121)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	34,121
Total	275,929	12,679	5,577	_	283,031	109,795	10,889	5,577	_	115,107	167,924	166,134

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

August 31, 2021 [Thousands of Dollars]

12. ACCUMULATED DEFICIT

Accumulated deficit consists of the following:

	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Surplus (deficit)		
Operating surplus available for compliance	740	_
Amounts restricted for future use	6,213	6,929
Unfunded amounts to be recovered	(9,641)	(11,925)
Interest accrual	(391)	(410)
School Generated Funds	657	693
Revenues recognized for land	1,017	1,017
Total deficit	(1,405)	(3,696)

13. INTERNALLY RESTRICTED SURPLUSES

Restricted amounts are made up of the following:

	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Retirement gratuity	714	703
Old Fort William	79	78
Demutualization	2,287	2,306
WSIB	750	750
Financial stabilization	1,072	1,063
Committed capital	1,311	2,029
	6,213	6,929

14. TRUST FUNDS

Trust funds administered by the Board amounting to \$844 [2020 - \$844] have not been included in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position, nor have their operations been included in the Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Deficit.

15. CONTINGENCIES

The Board filed a claim against a Company relating to construction deficiencies that was ongoing at year-end. The Board expects the claim to amount to approximately \$299. Negotiations regarding the terms of the settlement agreement and release are still ongoing. The settlement has not yet been received and contingent assets are not recorded in these financial statements.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

August 31, 2021 [Thousands of Dollars]

16. ONTARIO SCHOOL BOARD INSURANCE EXCHANGE (OSBIE)

The Board is a member of the Ontario School Board Insurance Exchange (OSBIE), a reciprocal insurance company licenced under the Insurance Act. OSBIE insures general public liability, property damage and certain other risks. Liability insurance is available to a maximum of \$20 million per occurrence.

The ultimate premiums over a five-year period are based on the reciprocals and the Board's actual claims experience. Periodically, the Board may receive a refund or be asked to pay an additional premium based on its pro-rata share of claims experience.

17. PARTNERSHIP IN STUDENT TRANSPORTATION SERVICES OF THUNDER BAY

The Board has entered into an agreement with the Thunder Bay Catholic District School Board and Conseil Scolaire de District Catholic des Aurores boréales in order to provide common administration of student transportation in the Region. This agreement was executed in an effort to increase delivery efficiency and cost effectiveness of student transportation for each of the Boards. Under the agreement, decisions related to the financial and operating activities member Boards are shared. No partner is in a position to exercise unilateral control.

The Board's consolidated financial statements reflect its pro-rata share of expenses.

18. REPAYMENT OF "55 SCHOOL BOARD TRUST" FUNDING

On June 1, 2003, the Board received \$1,329,731 from 55 School Board Trust for its capital related debt eligible for provincial funding support pursuant to a 30-year agreement it entered into with the Trust. 55 School Board Trust was created to refinance the outstanding not permanently financed (NPF) debt of participating boards who are beneficiaries of the Trust. Under the terms of the agreement, 55 School Board Trust repaid the Board's debt in consideration for the assignment by the Board to the Trust of future provincial grants payable to the Board in respect of the NPF debt.

As a result of the above agreement, the liability in respect of the NPF debt is no longer reflected in the Board's financial position.

19. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified from statements previously presented to conform to the current year presentation.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

August 31, 2021 [Thousands of Dollars]

20. IN-KIND TRANSFERS FROM THE MINISTRY OF GOVERNMENT AND CONSUMER SERVICES

The Board has recorded entries, both revenues and expenses, associated with centrally procured in-kind transfers of personal protective equipment (PPE) and critical supplies and equipment (CSE) received from the Ministry of Government and Consumer Services (MGCS). The amounts recorded were calculated based on the weighted average cost of the supplies as determined by MGCS and quantity information based on the board's records. The in-kind revenue recorded for these transfers is \$635 with expenses based on use of \$635 for a net impact of \$0.

21. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On November 4, 2021, the Board fully discharged the employee future benefits obligation for the Long-Term Disability Salary Compensation plan. The Board paid a single premium of \$10,135,051 to Canada Life on November 4, 2021 to assume the obligation for salary compensation benefits required to be paid to employees who became disabled prior to November 1, 2021 for the period an employee is unable to work or until their normal retirement date. All employees with a date of disability on or after November 1, 2021 will be covered under an insured arrangement. The health and welfare trust established to administer the Long-Term Disability Compensation plan has been dissolved with accumulated assets transferred to Canada Life as partial payment toward the required \$10,135,051 premium. The settlement of this obligation has been reflected in the employee future benefits liabilities as at August 31, 2021.

22. IMPACT OF COVID 19

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of the coronavirus (COVID-19) a global pandemic. The pandemic had a significant impact on the global economy and the education system. On March 12, 2020, the Province of Ontario ordered the closure of all publically funded schools. This closure was later extended to the remainder of the 2019/2020 school year and education services were moved to a remote platform.

The Ontario Ministry of Education has provided new funding and authorized the redirection of existing funding towards the costs related to implementing safe reopening measures and procuring personal protective equipment. During the 2020-2021 school year, students in publicly funded schools were either learning in school or online depending on guidance and direction from the Ministry of Education and local public health units. Schools have physically re-opened in September 2021.

Although the disruption from the virus is expected to be temporary, given the dynamic nature of these circumstances, the duration and the related impact cannot be reasonably estimated.